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<u>Citation</u> 1927(g) - 42 CFR 456.700		 Drug Utilization Review Program 1. The Medicaid agency meets the requirements of Section 1927(g) of the Adformation of the Adfor			
1927(g)(1)(A)		 2. The DUR program assures that the prescriptions for outpatient drugs are: Appropriate Medically necessary Are not likely to result in adverse medical results 			
1927(g)(1)(a), 42 CFR 456.705(b) & 456.709(b)	В.	 The DUR program is designed to educate physicians and pharmacists to identify and reduce the frequency of patterns of fraud, abuse, gross overuse, or inappropriate or medically unnecessary care among physician pharmacists, and patients or associated with specific drugs as well as: Potential and actual adverse drug reactions Therapeutic appropriateness Overutilization and underutilization Appropriate use of generic products Therapeutic duplication Drug disease contraindications Incorrect drug dosage or duration of drug treatment Drug-allergy interactions Clinical abuse/misuse 			
1927(g)(1)(B) 42 CFR 456.703 (d) & (f)	C.	 The DUR program shall assess data use against predetermined standards whose source materials for their development are consistent with peer- reviewed medical literature which has been critically reviewed by unbiase independent experts and the following compendia: American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information United States Pharmacopeia-Drug Information American Medical Association Drug Evaluations 			
1902(A)(85) and Section 1004 of the Substance Use-Disorder Prevention that Promotes Opioid Recovery and Treatment for Patients and Communities Act (SUPPORT Act)		 The DUR program assesses opioid utilization against current evidence- based clinical practice guidelines and State and Federal laws and regulations. 			
1927(g)(1)(D) 42 CFR 456.703(b)	D.	DUR is not required for drugs dispensed to residents of nursing facilities that are in compliance with drug regimen review procedures set forth in 4 CFR 483.60. The State has nevertheless chosen to include nursing home drugs in: Prospective DUR Retrospective DUR			

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1927(g)(2)(A) 42 CFR 456.705(b)	E. 1. The DUR program includes prospective review of drug therapy at the po of sale or point of distribution before each prescription is filled or delive to the Medicaid recipient.				
1927(g)(2)(A)(i) 42 CFR 456.705(b)(1)-(7)	 Prospective DUR includes screening each prescription filled or delivered an individual receiving benefits for potential drug therapy problems due Therapeutic duplication, Drug-disease contraindications, Drug-drug interactions, Drug-interactions with non-prescription or over-the-counter dru Incorrect drug dosage or duration of drug treatment, Drug allergy interactions, Clinical abuse/misuse 				
1902(A)(85) and Section 1004 of the Substance Use-Disorder Prevention that Promotes Opioid Recovery and Treatment for Patients and Communities Act (SUPPORT Act)	 Opioid utilization patterns inconsistent with standards set by the State DUR board, including but not limited to days supply, duplicate fills, therapeutic duplications, early fills, quantity limitations, dose limitations (e.g., daily MME) Atypical antipsychotic age limits, quantity limits, therapeutic duplication 				
1927(g)(2)(A)(ii) 42 CFR 456.705(c)&(d)	3. Prospective DUR includes counseling for Medicaid recipients based on standards established by State law and maintenance of patient profiles.				
1927(g)(2)(B) 42 CFR 456.709(a)	 F. 1. The DUR program includes retrospective DUR through its mechanized de claims processing and information retrieval system or otherwise which undertakes ongoing periodic examination of claims data and other record to identify: Patterns of fraud and abuse, Gross overuse, Inappropriate or medically unnecessary care among physicians, pharmacists, Medicaid recipients, or associated with specific dru or groups of drugs. 				
1902(A)(85) and Section 1004 of the Substance Use-Disorder Prevention that Promotes Opioid Recovery and Treatment for Patients and Communities Act (SUPPORT Act)	 Opioid utilization or prescribing patterns, to include PDMP data, inconsistent with current evidence-based clinical guidelines or suggestive of fraud, waste, or abuse 				
1927(g)(2)(C) 42 CFR 456.709(b)	 The DUR program assesses data on drug use against explicit predeterministandards including but not limited to monitoring for: Therapeutic appropriateness Overutilization and underutilization Appropriate use of generic products 				

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1902(A)(85) and Section 1004 of the Substance Use-Disorder Prevention that Promotes Opioid Recovery and Treatment for Patients and Communities Act (SUPPORT Act)			 Therapeutic duplication Drug-disease contraindications Drug-drug interactions Incorrect drug dosage/duration of drug treatment Clinical abuse/misuse Concurrent benzodiazepine and opioid utilization Concurrent opioid and antipsychotic utilization Atypical antipsychotic use in children 		
1902(A)(85) and Section 1004 of the Substance Use-Disorder Prevention that Promotes Opioid Recovery and Treatment for Patients and Communities Act (SUPPORT Act)		3.	 The DUR program has a structured program to monitor the use of psychotropic medications in foster children. The program uses prospective drug utilization screening to identiatypical antipsychotic use in children; The program works collaboratively with the Office of Children's Services to monitor utilization patterns and incorporates consultaphysicians specializing in pediatric psychiatry into medication regimen review processes. 		
1927(g)(2)(D) 42 CFR 456.711		4.	The DUR program through its State DUR Board, using data provided by the Board, provides for active and ongoing educational outreach programs to educate practitioners on common drug therapy problems to improve prescribing and dispensing practices.		
1927(g)(3)(A) 42 CFR 456.716(a)	G.	1.	The DUR program has established a State DUR Board either: Directly, or Under contract with a private organization		
1927(g)(3)(B) 42 CFR 456.716 (A)&(B)		2.	 The DUR Board membership includes health professionals (on-third licensed actively practicing pharmacists and one-third but no more than percent licensed and actively practicing physicians) with knowledge and experience in one or more of the following: Clinically appropriate prescribing of covered outpatient drugs Clinically appropriate dispensing and monitoring of covered outpatient drugs Drug use review, evaluation, and intervention Medical quality assurance 		
1927(g)(3)(C) 42 CFR 456.716(d)		3.	 The activities of the DUR Board include: Retrospective DUR Application of Standards as defined in section 1927(g)(2)(C), and Ongoing interventions for physicians and pharmacists targeted toward therapy problems or individuals identified in the course or retrospective DUR. 		

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1927(g)(3)(C) 42 CFR 456.711 (a)-(d)	4.	 The interventions include in appropriate instances: Information dissemination, Written, oral, and electronic reminders, Face-to-face discussions, Intensified monitoring/review of prescribers/dispensers. 		
1902(A)(85) and Section 1004 of the Substance Use-Disorder Prevention that Promotes Opioid Recovery and Treatment for Patients and Communities Act (SUPPORT Act)		 Referral of prescribers/dispensers to program integrity and/or fraud control entities 		
1902(A)(85) and Section 1004 of the Substance Use-Disorder Prevention that Promotes Opioid Recovery and Treatment for Patients and Communities Act (SUPPORT Act)	5.	 The DUR program has structured processes in place to investigate, evaluate, and take action commensurate with offending actions. General education to the provider community Education to specific providers/provider groups Referral of provider to Surveillance Utilization Review (SUR) program 		
1927(g)(3)(D) 42 CFR 456.712 (A)&(B)	Н.	The State assures that it will prepare and submit an annual report to the Secretary, which incorporates a report from the State DUR Board, and that the State will adhere to the plans, steps, and procedures as described in the report.		
1927(h)(1) 42 CFR 456.722	I. 1.	 The State establishes, as its principal means of processing claims for covered outpatient drugs under this title, a point-of-sale electronic claims management system to perform online real-time eligibility verification, claims data capture, adjudication of claims, and assistance to pharmacists, etc. applying for and receiving payment. 		
1927(g)(2)(A)(i) 42 CFR 456.705(b)	2.	Prospective DUR is performed using an electronic point-of-sale drug claims processing system.		
1927(j)(2) 42 CFR 456.703(c)	J.	Hospitals that dispense covered outpatient drugs are exempted from the drug utilization review requirements of this section when facilities use drug formulary systems and bill the Medicaid program no more than the hospitals purchasing cost for such covered outpatient drugs.		